

**SULIT**



**BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN  
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI  
KEMENTERIAN PENDIDIKAN MALAYSIA**

**JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN AWAM**

**PEPERIKSAAN AKHIR**

**SESI JUN 2019**

**DCB2062: ELECTRICAL SERVICES 1**

**TARIKH : 06 NOVEMBER 2019**

**MASA : 2.30 PETANG - 4.30 PETANG (2 JAM)**

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Kertas ini mengandungi **SEPULUH (10)** halaman bercetak.

Bahagian A: Esei Berstruktur (2 soalan)

Bahagian B: Esei Berstruktur (4 soalan)

Dokumen sokongan yang disertakan : LAMPIRAN 1

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**JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI SEHINGGA DIARAHKAN**

(CLO yang tertera hanya sebagai rujukan)

**SULIT**

**SECTION A : 50 MARKS****BAHAGIAN A : 50 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **TWO (2)** essay structured questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

**ARAHAN :**

*Seksyen ini mengandungi DUA (2) soalan esei berstruktur. Jawab SEMUA soalan.*

**QUESTION 1****SOALAN 1**

- CLO1  
C1
- a) State **FIVE (5)** methods of electrical transmission.  
*Nyatakan LIMA (5) kaedah penghantaran kuasa.*
- [5 marks]  
[5 markah]
- CLO1  
C2
- b) The electrical supply is distributed to consumer through distribution line by single-phase system or three-phase system. Describe the single-phase system.  
*Bekalan elektrik diagihkan kepada pengguna melalui talian agihan secara sistem satu-fasa dan sistem tiga-fasa. Huraikan sistem satu-fasa.*
- [8 marks]  
[8 markah]
- CLO2  
C3
- c) Calculate the maximum current and number of final circuit required by the following situations. The supply voltage is 240 V and 5 Amp fuse is used.  
*Kirakan arus maksima dan bilangan litar akhir yang diperlukan dalam situasi berikut. Voltan bekalan adalah 240 V dan fius 5 Amp digunakan.*
- i. Installation of 10 units of 40 watt filament lamps and 10 units of 100 watt ceiling fans.  
*Pemasangan bagi 10 unit lampu filamen 40 watt dan 10 unit kipas siling 100 watt.*
- [4 marks]  
[4 markah]

ii. Installation of 20 units of 80 watt filament lamp and 20 units of 36 watt pendaflour lamp.

*Pemasangan bagi 20 unit lampu filament 80 watt dan 20 unit lampu kalimantang 36 watt.*

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

iii. Installation of 15 units of 40 watt filament lamp and 15 units of 36 watt pendaflour lamp.

*Pemasangan bagi 15 unit lampu filament 40 watt dan 15 unit lampu kalimantang 36 watt.*

[4 marks]

[4 markah]

**QUESTION 2****SOALAN 2**CLO1  
C1

- a) List
- FIVE (5)**
- factors in the selection of over current protection devices.

*Senaraikan **LIMA (5)** faktor dalam pemilihan perkakas pelindung lebihan arus.*

[5 marks]

[5 markah]

CLO1  
C2

- b) Explain the operation of miniature circuit breaker (MCB).

*Jelaskan operasi bagi pemutus litar mini (PLM).*

[8 marks]

[8 markah]

CLO1  
C3

- c) List the factors that affect the soil resistivity.

*Senaraikan faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi rintangan tanah.*

[12 marks]

[12 markah]

**SECTION B : 50 MARKS****BAHAGIAN B : 50 MARKAH****INSTRUCTION:**

This section consists of **FOUR (4)** essay structured questions. Answer **TWO (2)** questions only.

**ARAHAN:**

Seksyen ini mengandungi **EMPAT (4)** soalan esei berstruktur. Jawab **DUA (2)** soalan sahaja.

**QUESTION 1****SOALAN 1**CLO1  
C1

a) Label the Figure 1.

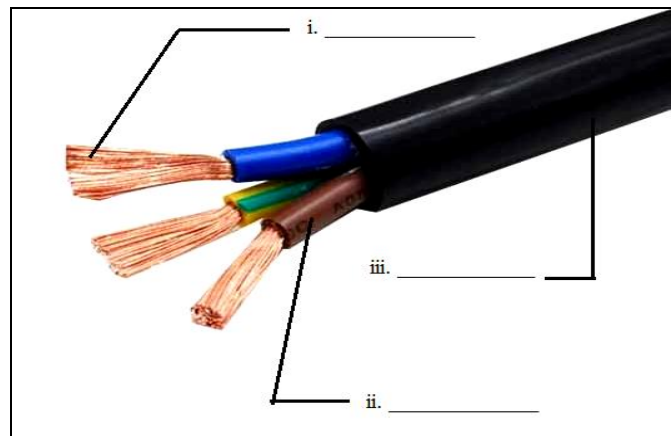
*Labelkan Rajah 1 berikut.*

Figure 1  
*Rajah 1*

[3 marks]

*[3markah]*

CLO1  
C2

b) i. Identify **FOUR (4)** characteristics of conductors

*Kenalpasti EMPAT (4) ciri pengalir*

[4 marks]

[4markah]

ii. Identify **THREE (3)** characteristics of insulators.

*Kenalpasti TIGA (3) ciri penebat.*

[3 marks]

[3markah]

CLO1  
C3

c) New electrical installations and extensions to the existing installations must be inspected and tested.

*Pemasangan baharu dan penambahan terhadap pemasangan sediaada mesti disemak dan diuji.*

i. Illustrate the procedure to conduct insulator resistance test.

*Ilustrasikan prosedur untuk melakukan ujian rintangan penebatan.*

[12 marks]

[12markah]

ii. List the equipment used in conducting insulator resistance test.

*Senaraikan peralatan yang digunakan untuk melakukan ujian rintangan penebatan.*

[3 marks]

[3markah]

## QUESTION 2

## SOALAN 2

- CLO1  
C1 (a) State **THREE (3)** components which are included in main circuit.  
*Nyatakan **TIGA (3)** komponen yang terdapat dalam litar utama.*
- [3 marks]  
[3 markah]
- CLO1  
C2 (b) There are two types of circuit connection for socket outlet which are radial and ring.  
*Terdapat dua jenis sambungan litar untuk soket alur keluar iaitu sambungan jejari dan gelang.*
- i. Explain ring circuit.  
*Terangkan litar gelang*
- [3 marks]  
[3 markah]
- ii. Describe **TWO (2)** advantages of ring circuit.  
*Huraikan **DUA (2)** kebaikan litar gelang.*
- [4 marks]  
[4 markah]
- CLO1  
C3 (c) i) List **THREE (3)** procedures required to carry out the insulation resistance test for a single phase wiring installation.  
*Senaraikan **TIGA (3)** prosedur untuk melaksanakan ujian rintangan penebatan bagi pemasangan pendawaian satu-fasa.*
- [6 marks]  
[6 markah]
- ii) Sketch a diagram of insulation resistance test on single phase wiring installation.  
*Lakarkan gambarajah bagi ujian rintangan penebatan pada pemasangan pendawaian satu fasa.*
- [9 marks]  
[9 markah]

**QUESTION 3****SOALAN 3**CLO1  
C1(a) List **THREE (3)** factors that affect the selection of wiring system.

*Senaraikan **TIGA (3)** faktor-faktor yang mempengaruhi pemilihan sistem pendawaian.*

[3 marks]

[3 markah]

CLO1  
C2

(b) Explain the installation of the following wiring systems:

*Terangkan cara pemasangan sistem pendawaian berikut:*

i. Surface wiring

*Pendawaian permukaan*

ii. Concealed wiring

*Pendawaian tersembunyi*

[7 marks]

[7 markah]

CLO1  
C3

(c) Illustrate with the aid of a diagram the procedures to conduct insulation resistance test between conductor and earth cable in a three-phase system.

*Ilustrasikan langkah-langkah menjalankan ujian rintangan penebat antara kabel pengalir dan bumi dalam sistem tiga fasa dengan bantuan gambarajah yang sesuai.*

[15 marks]

[15 markah]



**QUESTION 4****SOALAN 4**CLO 1  
C1

a) Define the followings:

*Definisikan perkara berikut :*

i. Lightning protection

*Pelindung kilat*

i. Earthing.

*Pembumian*

[3 marks]

*[3markah]*CLO 1  
C2b) Identify **THREE (3)** parts that are required to be earthed and **FOUR (4)** parts that are not required to be earthed.*Kenal pasti **TIGA (3)** bahagian yang perlu dibumikan dan **EMPAT (4)** bahagian yang tidak perlu dibumikan.*

[7 marks]

*[7markah]*

CLO 2  
C3

- c) An installation in a small shop requires a 415V, three-phase supply to supply the following load at each phase to be balanced.

*Pemasangan di kedai kecil memerlukan bekalan 415V, tiga-fasa bagi membekalkan beban yang berikut pada setiap fasa agar seimbang.*

1 x 4.5kW, 240V and 6 x 3kW, 240 heaters (thermostatically type)  
*1 x 4.5kW, 240V dan 6 x 3kW, 240 pemanas (jenis laras suhu)*

1 x 6kW, 240V and 1 x 4kW, 240V cookers  
*1 x 6kW, 240V dan 1 x 4kW, 240V alat masak*

2 x 3kW, 240V water heater (instantaneous type)  
*2 x 3kW, 240V alat pemanas (jenis segera)*

4kW total of discharge lamp 240V  
*4kW jumlah keseluruhan lampu nyahcas 240V*

3 x 30A switch socket outlet, ring circuit (13A socket)  
*3 x 30A soket alur keluar, litar gelang (soket 13A)*

Calculate the estimated current demand by using the Table of Diversity Factor  
(Appendix 1)

*Kirakan anggaran arus permintaan menggunakan Jadual Faktor Diversiti  
(Appendik 1)*

[15 marks]

[15markah]

**SOALAN TAMAT**

**TABLE OF TYPICAL ALLOWANCES FOR DIVERSITY**

Purpose of final circuit fed from conductors or switchgear to which diversity applies	Individual household installations, including individual dwellings of a block	Type of premises	
		Small shops, stores, offices and business premises	Small hotels, boarding houses, guest houses, etc.
<b>1. Lighting</b>	66% of total demand	90% of total current demand	75% of total current demand
<b>2. Heating and power (but see 3-8 below)</b>	100% of total current demand up to 10A + 50% of any current demand in excess of 10A	100 % f.l of largest appliance + 75% of remaining appliances	100 % f.l of largest appliance + 80% f.l of second largest appliances + 60% of remaining appliances
<b>3. Cooking appliances</b>	10A + 30% f.l of connected cooking appliances in excess of 10A + 5A if socket-outlet incorporated in unit	100% f.l of largest appliance + 80% f.l of second largest appliance + 60% f.l of remaining appliances	100% of largest appliance + 80% f.l of second largest appliance + 60% f.l of remaining appliances
<b>4. Motors (other than lift motors which are subject to special consideration)</b>		100% f.l of largest motor + 80% f.l of second largest motor + 60% f.l of remaining motors	100% f.l of largest motor + 50% f.l of remaining motors
<b>5. Water heaters (instantaneous type)*</b>	100% f.l of largest appliance + 100% of second largest appliance + 25% f.l of remaining appliance	100% f.l of largest appliance + 100% of second largest appliance + 25% f.l of remaining appliance	100% f.l of largest appliance + 100% of second largest appliance + 25% f.l of remaining appliance
<b>6. Water heaters (thermostatically controlled)</b>	NO DIVERSITY ALLOWABLE**		
<b>7. Floor warming installations</b>	NO DIVERSITY ALLOWABLE**		
<b>8. Thermal storage space heating installation</b>	NO DIVERSITY ALLOWABLE**		
<b>9. Standard arrangements of final circuits in accordance with IEE Appendix 5</b>	100% of current demand of largest circuit + 40% of current demand of every other circuit	100% of current demand of largest circuit + 50% of current demand of every other circuit	
<b>10. Socket outlets other than those included in 9 above and stationary equipment other than those listed above</b>	100% of current demand of largest point of utilisation + 40% of current demand of every point of utilisation	100% of current demand of largest point of utilisation + 75% of current demand of every point of utilisation	100% of current demand of largest point of utilisation + 75% of current demand of every point in main rooms (dining rooms, etc) + 40% of current demand of every point of utilisation

\*For the purpose of this table an instantaneous water heater is deemed to be a water heater of any loading which heats water only while the tap is turned on and therefore uses electricity intermittently.

\*\*It is important to ensure that the distribution boards are of sufficient rating to take the total load connected to them without the application of any diversity