

SULIT



**BAHAGIAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN PENILAIAN
JABATAN PENDIDIKAN POLITEKNIK DAN KOLEJ KOMUNITI
KEMENTERIAN PENGAJIAN TINGGI**

JABATAN KEJURUTERAAN AWAM

PENILAIAN ALTERNATIF

SESI DIS 2020

DCC5163 : THEORY OF STRUCTURE

NAMA PENYELARAS KURSUS : RAHAYU BINTI HAYAT

KAEDAH PENILAIAN : PEPERIKSAAN ONLINE

JENIS PENILAIAN : SOALAN STRUKTUR (2 SOALAN)

TARIKH PENILAIAN : 14 JULAI 2021

TEMPOH PENILAIAN : 1 JAM

LARANGAN TERHADAP PLAGIARISM (AKTA 174)

**PELAJAR TIDAK BOLEH MEMPLAGIAT APA-APA IDEA, PENULISAN, DATA
ATAU CIPTAAN ORANG LAIN. PLAGIAT ADALAH SALAH SATU
PENYELEWENGAN AKADEMIK. SEKIRANYA PELAJAR DIBUKTIKAN
MELAKUKAN PLAGIARISM, PENILAIAN BAGI KURSUS BERKENAAN AKAN
DIMANSUHKAN DAN DIBERI GRED F DENGAN NILAI MATA 0.**

**(RUJUK BUKU ARAHAN-ARAHAN PEPERIKSAAN DAN KAEDAH PENILAIAN (Diploma) EDISI 6, JUN 2019,
KLAUSA 17.3)**

INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **TWO (2) structured** questions. Answer **ALL** questions.

ARAHAN:

Bahagian ini mengandungi **DUA (2)** soalan berstruktur. Jawab **SEMUA** soalan.

QUESTION 1**SOALAN 1**

- (a) **Figure 1(a)** shows a continuous beam with two spans which are supported at A, B and C. By using Slope Deflection Method, calculate the final moment at support A, B and C.

Rajah 1(a) menunjukkan rasuk selanjur yang disokong mudah pada penyokong A, B dan C. Dengan menggunakan Kaedah Cerun Pesongan, kirakan momen akhir pada penyokong A, B dan C.

[15 marks]

[15 markah]

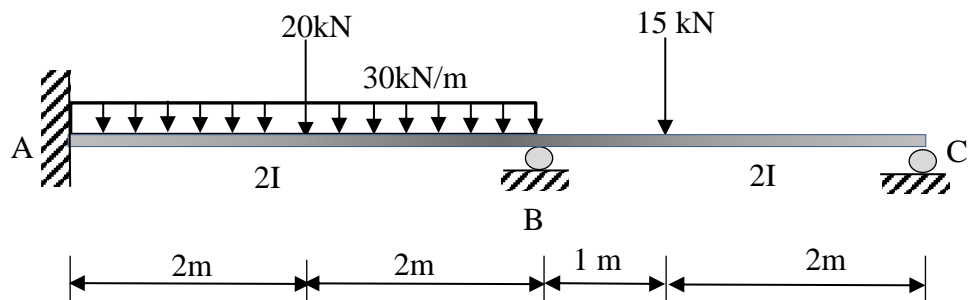


Figure 1(a)/ Rajah 1(a)

CLO1
C3

CLO1
C3

- (b) A non-sway portal frame is subjected to loads as shown in **Figure 1(b)**. Sketch the Shear Force Diagram (SFD) and Bending Moment Diagram (BMD). The internal moment at each support is given in **Table 1(b)**.

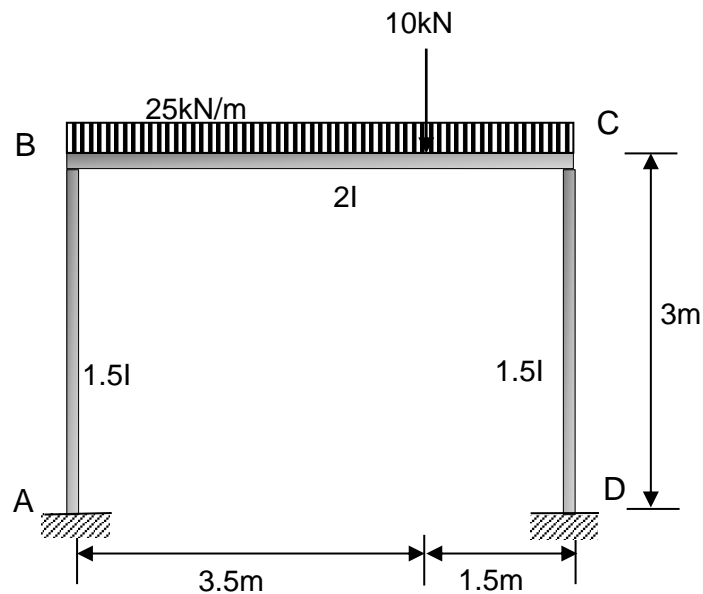
*Kerangka portal tanpa huyung dikenakan beban seperti ditunjukkan dalam **Rajah 1(b)**. Lakarkan Gambarajah Daya Ricih (GDR) dan Gambarajah Momen Lentur (GML). Nilai momen dalaman pada setiap penyokong diberi dalam **Jadual 1(b)**.*

[10 marks]

[10 markah]

Table 1(b)/Jadual 1(b)

M_{AB}	M_{BA}	M_{BC}	M_{CB}	M_{BD}	M_{DB}
20 kNm	40 kNm	-40 kNm	41.91 kNm	-41.91 kNm	-20.95 kNm

**Figure 1(b) / Rajah 1(b)**

QUESTION 2

SOALAN 2

A simply supported beam of 12m span is subjected to a series of concentrated loads as shown in **Figure 2(a)** below. By using Influence Line Diagram:

*Satu rasuk ditupang mudah sepanjang 12m dikenakan satu siri beban tumpu ditunjukkan dalam **Rajah 2(a)**. Dengan menggunakan Gambarajah Garis Imbas;*

CLO3
C4

- (a) Analyse the maximum shear force and bending moment at point C due to a series of loads moving from right to left.

Analisis daya ricih dan momen lenturan maksima pada titik C yang disebabkan oleh pergerakan satu siri beban dalam arah kanan ke kiri.

[15 marks]
[15 markah]

CLO3
C5

- (b) Evaluate the absolute maximum moment due to a series of loads moving from right to left.

Nilaiakan momen maksima mutlak yang disebabkan oleh pergerakan satu siri beban dalam arah kanan ke kiri..

[10 marks]
[10 markah]

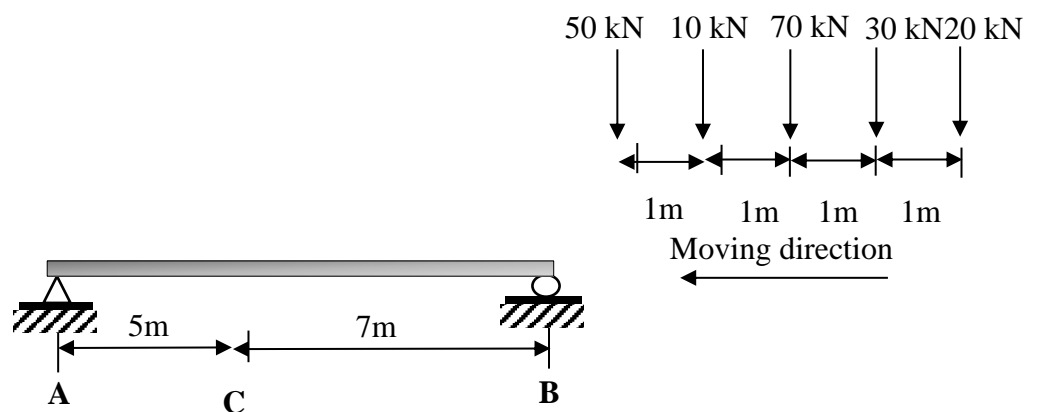


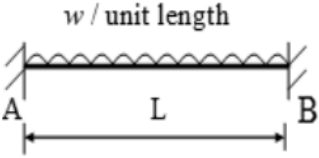
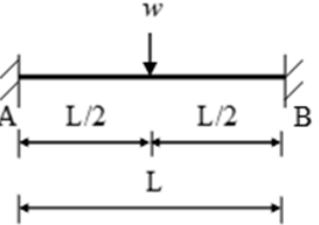
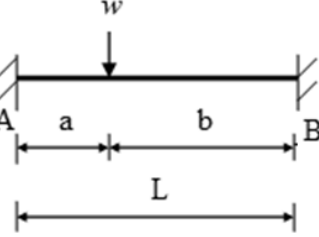
Figure 2a/Rajah 2a

SOALAN TAMAT

DCC5163 THEORY OF STRUCTURE FORMULAE

1. Slope Deflection Method		
$M_{AB} = \frac{2EI}{L} (2\theta_A + \theta_B) + FEM_{AB}$ $M_{BA} = \frac{2EI}{L} (2\theta_B + \theta_A) + FEM_{BA}$		
2. Moment Distribution Method		
i. Stiffness Factor	For fixed or continuous	$K = \frac{4EI}{L}$
	For pinned or roller	$K = \frac{3EI}{L}$
ii. Distribution Factor	$DF = \frac{K}{\sum K}$	
3. Statically Indeterminate Truss		
i. Redundant Force	$R = \frac{\sum P\mu L/AE}{\mu^2 L/AE}$	
ii. Internal Force	$F = P + \mu R$	
4. Displacement		
i. External Load	$\Delta = \frac{\sum P\mu L}{AE}$	
5. Influence Lines		
$R_A = 1 - \frac{x}{L}$ $V_C = -\frac{x}{L}$ $M_C = \frac{bx}{L}$	$R_B = \frac{x}{L}$ $V_C = 1 - \frac{x}{L}$ $M_C = a \left(1 - \frac{x}{L}\right)$	

Table 1 : Fixed End Moment (FEM)

$FEM_{AB} = -\frac{wL^2}{12}$	 <p style="text-align: center;">w / unit length</p>	$FEM_{BA} = +\frac{wL^2}{12}$
$FEM_{AB} = -\frac{wL}{8}$		$FEM_{BA} = +\frac{wL}{8}$
$FEM_{AB} = -\frac{wab^2}{L^2}$		$FEM_{BA} = +\frac{wa^2b}{L^2}$