

## SECTION A

## STRUCTURED (25 marks)

## INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **ONE (1)** question. Answer **ALL** questions.

## QUESTION 1

- a) Find the values of the following functions: **CLO 1 : C1**
- $\cosh 4.5$  (2 marks)
  - $\tanh (-0.5)$  (2 marks)
  - $\sinh (-0.375) + \cosh (1.35)$  (3 marks)
- b) The curve assumed by a cable is  $y^2 = c \cosh \frac{x}{c}$ . If  $c=50$  and  $x=109$  find the value of  $y$ . **CLO 1 : C3**  
(4 marks)
- c) Find the principle values for the following functions. Then, with the help of a graph, find all solution for  $\theta$  from  $0^\circ$  to  $360^\circ$ . **CLO 1 : C1**
- $\theta = \cos^{-1} 0.45$  (3 marks)
  - $\theta = \sin^{-1}(-0.8660)$  (3 marks)
  - $\theta = \tan^{-1}(\sqrt{3})$  (3 marks)
- d) Prove that  $\frac{1 + \tanh x}{1 - \tanh x} = e^{2x}$  **CLO1: C2**  
(5 marks)

**POLITEKNIK**  
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EXAMINATION AND EVALUATION DIVISION  
DEPARTMENT OF POLYTECHNIC EDUCATION  
(MINISTRY OF HIGHER EDUCATION)

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, SCIENCE AND COMPUTER

FINAL EXAMINATION  
JUNE 2012 SESSION

**BA601: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS 5**

**DATE: 17 NOVEMBER 2012(SATURDAY)**  
**DURATION: 2 HOURS (2.30PM - 4.30PM)**

This paper consists of **SEVEN (7)** pages including the front page and appendix.

Section A: **ONE (1)** question – Answer all.  
Section B: **THREE (3)** questions – Answer **TWO (2)**  
Section C: **TWO (2)** questions – Answer **ONE (1)**

**CONFIDENTIAL**  
**DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION PAPER UNTIL INSTRUCTED**  
**BY THE CHIEF INVIGILATOR**

## QUESTION 3

- a) Use implicit differentiation to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for the equation below. **CLO 2: C3**

$$5x + 3 \sin y - x^2 y^3 = 0 \quad (5 \text{ marks})$$

- b) Given that  $z = 3y^4 + 5x^2y^3 - 4x^4$ , find: **CLO 2: C1**

i.  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$  (2 marks)

ii.  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$  (2 marks)

iii.  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2}$  (2 marks)

iv.  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2}$  (2 marks)

v.  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y}$  (1 mark)

- c) Given that  $z = 2 \sin(3x^2 - 2y)$ , find:  $\frac{\delta z}{\delta x}$  and  $\frac{\delta z}{\delta y}$  **CLO 2: C1**  
(4 marks)

- b) Given that  $z = x^5y + 3xy^5$ . Find the total differential of  $z$ ,  $dz$ , when a point changes from (1,2) to (1.02,1.98). **CLO 2: C3**  
(7 marks)

## SECTION B

## STRUCTURED (50 marks)

## INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **THREE (3)** questions. Answer **TWO (2)** questions only.

## QUESTION 2

- a) Differentiate the following equations with respect to  $x$ :

i.  $y = \sec^{-1}(e^{2x})$  **CLO2 : C1**  
(4 marks)

ii.  $y = \sqrt{2} \ln(\cosh 4x)$  **CLO2 : C3**  
(4 marks)

iii.  $y = 3 \sinh^2(5x)$  **CLO2 : C2**  
(5 marks)

iv.  $y = \frac{\sin^{-1} x^3}{x}$  **CLO2 : C3**  
(6 marks)

v.  $y = 4 \tanh^{-1}(e^{2x} \cos x)$  **CLO2 : C3**  
(6 marks)

## SECTION C

## STRUCTURED (25 marks)

## INSTRUCTION:

This section consists of **TWO (2)** questions. Answer **ONE (1)** question only.

## QUESTION 5

Determine the first order differential equation by using appropriate methods for each function below:

CLO3 : C4

a)  $x^2 - 2x + 4 \frac{dy}{dx} = 9x^2 + 2x - 8$

(5 marks)

b)  $\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(2x^2 + 1)}{(y - 3)^2}$

(7 marks)

c)  $\frac{dv}{ds} = (5s^2 + 4)^2$

(5 marks)

d)  $x \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2y^2}{1 + y}$

(8 marks)

## QUESTION 4

a) Integrate the following functions with respect to x.

CLO 2 : C2

i.  $\int \operatorname{cosech}^2(3x) dx$

(3 marks)

ii.  $\int \frac{4dx}{\sqrt{121 - 25x^2}}$

(5 marks)

iii.  $\int \frac{dx}{x^2 - 2x + 2}$

(6 marks)

b) Solve the following integrals:

CLO 2 : C3

i.  $\int_1^2 \frac{2dx}{\sqrt{64 - 16x^2}}$

(6 marks)

ii.  $\int_2^3 \frac{\sinh x}{\cosh x} dx$

(5 marks)

RUMUS BA601: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS 5

TRIGONOMETRIC IDENTITIES	INVERSE HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS	DIFFERENTIATION OF INVERSE HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS
$\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x = 1$ $\sec^2 x = 1 + \tan^2 x$ $\operatorname{cosec}^2 x = 1 + \cot^2 x$ $\sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x$ $\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$ $= 1 - 2 \sin^2 x$ $= 2 \cos^2 x - 1$ $\tan 2x = \frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x}$	$\sinh^{-1} x = \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1}); -\infty < x < \infty$ $\cosh^{-1} x = \pm \ln(x + \sqrt{x^2 - 1}); x \geq 1$ $\tanh^{-1} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{1+x}{1-x};  x  < 1$ $\operatorname{sech}^{-1} x = \ln \left( \frac{1 + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} \right); 0 < x \leq 1$ $\operatorname{cosech}^{-1} x = \ln \left( \frac{1}{x} + \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{ x } \right); x \neq 0$ $\operatorname{coth}^{-1} x = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{x+1}{x-1};  x  > 1$	$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh^{-1} u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+u^2}} \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\cosh^{-1} u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{u^2-1}} \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\tanh^{-1} u) = \frac{1}{1-u^2} \frac{du}{dx},  u  < 1$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{coth}^{-1} u) = \frac{1}{1-u^2} \frac{du}{dx},  u  > 1$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{sech}^{-1} u) = \frac{-1}{u\sqrt{1-u^2}} \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{cosech}^{-1} u) = \frac{-1}{ u \sqrt{1+u^2}} \frac{du}{dx}$
HYPERBOLIC IDENTITIES	DIFFERENTIATION OF TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS	DIFFERENTIATION OF INVERSE TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS
$\cosh^2 x - \sinh^2 x = 1$ $\operatorname{sech}^2 x = 1 - \tanh^2 x$ $\operatorname{cosech}^2 x = \operatorname{coth}^2 x - 1$ $\sinh 2x = 2 \sinh x \cosh x$ $\cosh 2x = \cosh^2 x + \sinh^2 x$ $= 1 + 2 \sinh^2 x$ $= 2 \cosh^2 x - 1$ $\tanh 2x = \frac{2 \tanh x}{1 - \tanh^2 x}$	$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin u) = \cos u \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\cos u) = -\sin u \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\tan u) = \sec^2 u \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\cot u) = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 u \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\sec u) = \sec u \tan u \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{cosec} u) = -\operatorname{cosec} u \cot u \frac{du}{dx}$	$\frac{d}{dx}(\sin^{-1} u) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\cos^{-1} u) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\tan^{-1} u) = \frac{1}{1+u^2} \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\cot^{-1} u) = \frac{-1}{1+u^2} \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\sec^{-1} u) = \frac{1}{u\sqrt{u^2-1}} \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\operatorname{cosec}^{-1} u) = \frac{-1}{u\sqrt{u^2-1}} \frac{du}{dx}$
HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS	DIFFERENTIATION OF HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS	INTEGRATION OF HYPERBOLIC FUNCTIONS
$\sinh x = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$ $\cosh x = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$	$\frac{d}{dx}(\sinh u) = \cosh u \frac{du}{dx}$ $\frac{d}{dx}(\cosh u) = \sinh u \frac{du}{dx}$	$\int \sinh u \, du = \cosh u + c$ $\int \cosh u \, du = \sinh u + c$

QUESTION 6

a) Solve the following equations:

CLO3:C3

i.  $\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = e^{4x}$

(5 marks)

ii.  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x + 4y}{3x}$

(9 marks)

b) Solve the following second order differential equations:

CLO3 : C3

i.  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} - 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = 0$

(8 marks)

ii.  $\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 6 \frac{dy}{dx} + 9y = 0$

(3 marks)